



Overview of Contraceptive & Condom Shipments

FY 2001

September 2002



U.S. Agency for
International
Development
Bureau for
Global Health



Recommended Citation

USAID (U.S. Agency for International Development), September 2002. Overview of Contraceptive & Condom Shipments, FY 2001. Washington, D.C.: PHNI Project, for USAID.

Abstract

The Overview of Contraceptive & Condom Shipments is an annual publication summarizing contraceptive and condom shipments sponsored by the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) by value and unit.



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Overview of Contraceptive & Condom Shipments

FY 2001

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Overview of Contraceptive & Condom Shipments

The Commodities Security and Logistics Division of USAID provides a centralized system for contraceptive and condom procurement, maintains a database on commodity assistance, and supports a program for health commodity logistics management. This report details both the quantities and the values of USAID contraceptives and condoms shipped worldwide during FY 2001 as well as shipment trends over the past 10 years.

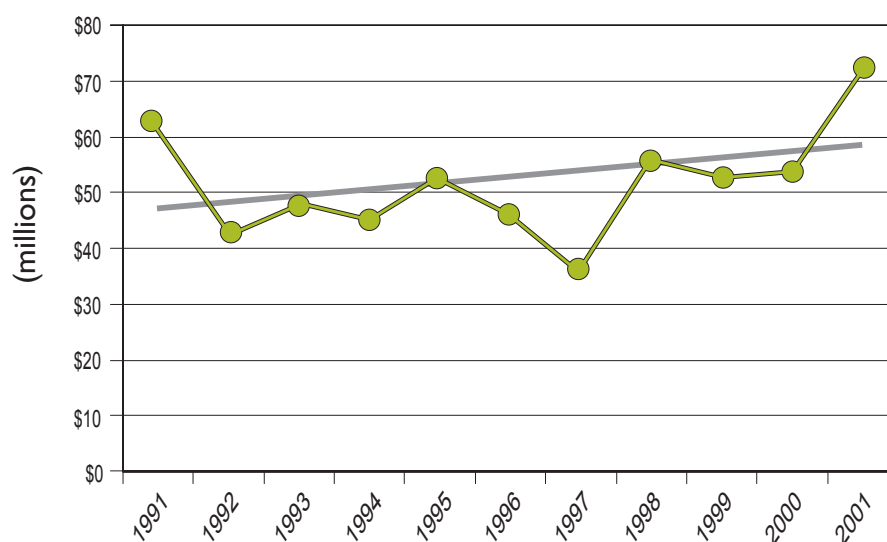
It should be noted that significant changes in contraceptive and condom shipments from one year to the next do not always represent major programmatic shifts. Often a large change appears only because of production and shipment scheduling that leads to a change in the number of shipments within one year. Therefore, the average flow of contraceptives and condoms to a particular region over a number of years provides a better picture for trend comparisons.

Worldwide Contraceptive & Condom Shipments

- The value of USAID worldwide contraceptive and condom shipments increased by \$19 million (37%) between FY 2000 and FY 2001, after stagnating between FY 1998 and FY 2000. This increase was largely due to a \$14 million (72%) boost in the value of shipments to Africa. Condom shipments to the Africa region more than doubled and injectable shipments nearly tripled; however, these increases were mainly the result of shipping and production schedules that carried deliveries over from FY 2000 to FY 2001.
- Asia and the Near East had an 18% increase in contraceptive and condom aid in FY 2001, mainly due to large increases in IUD, implant, and injectable shipments.
- Total contraceptive and condom aid to Latin American and the Caribbean in FY 2001 remained close to the FY 2000 level. The region experienced a 6% increase in contraceptive and condom shipments.
- The value of contraceptive and condom shipments to Europe and Eurasia remained small in FY 2001 (total less than \$1 million). Only two countries in the region received assistance.
- The distribution of FY 2001 USAID contraceptive and condom shipments by value reflects larger donations of condoms, IUDs, oral contraceptives, implants, and injectables than in FY 2000. Vaginal foaming tablets (VFTs) were the only contraceptive method that had a decline in worldwide shipments.
- IUD donations more than doubled in FY 2001. The Asia/Near East region received 85% of IUD shipments.
- The value of worldwide injectable shipments increased by 70% in FY 2001. The biggest boost came in Africa, which received \$6.4 million of injectables, a 150% increase over FY 2000.

Figure 1

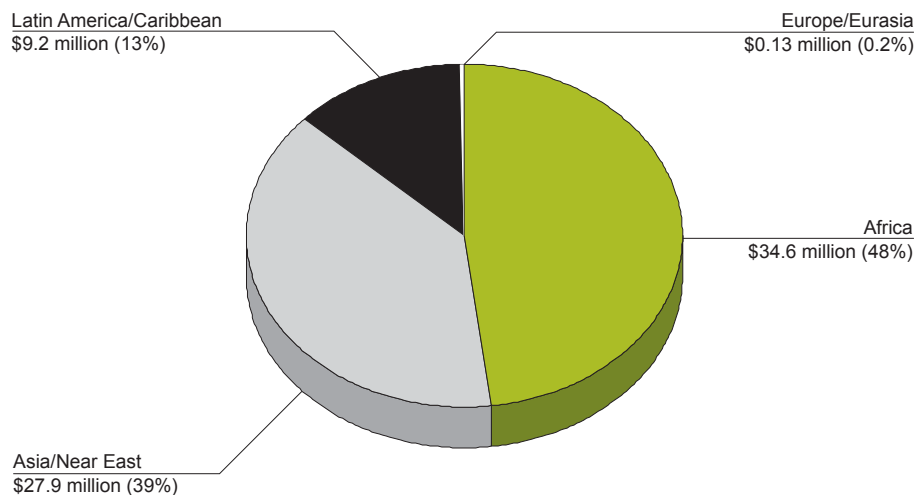
Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive & Condom Shipments FY 1991-2001 (US\$ millions)



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 2

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments by Region FY 2001



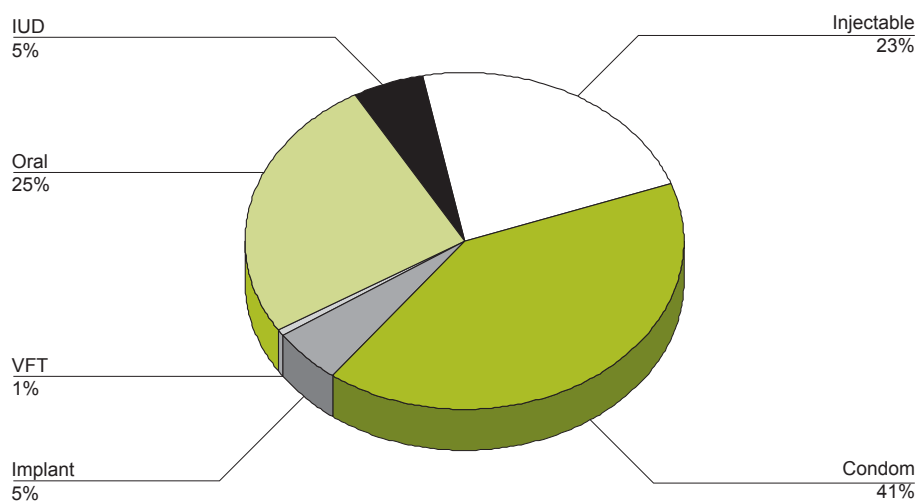
Total: \$71.8 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 3

Worldwide Contraceptive & Condom Shipments by Method FY 2001

(based on US\$ values)



Total: \$71.8 million

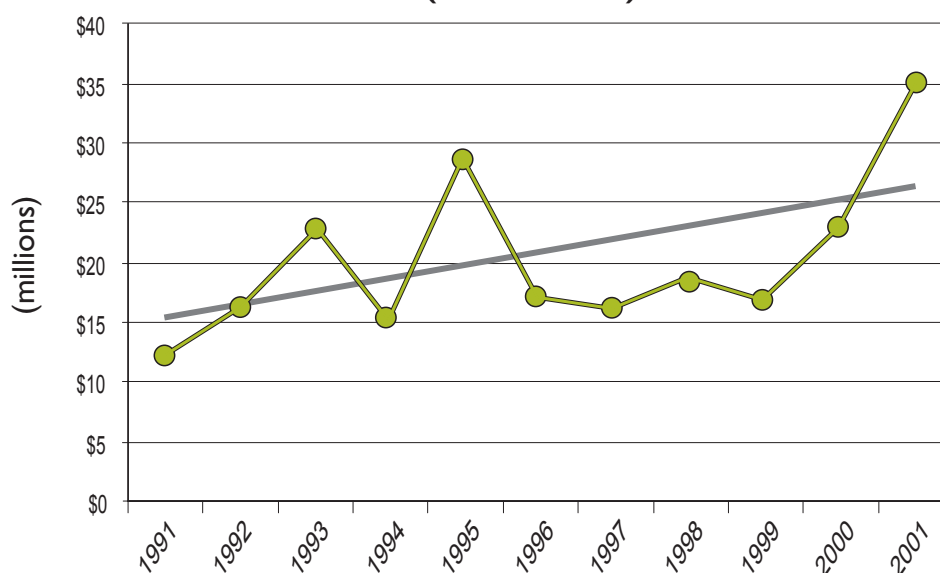
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Africa

- Six countries received 65% of FY 2001 USAID support for contraceptives and condoms in the Africa region. Twenty-three countries shared the remaining 35% (amounting to \$12 million) of USAID contraceptive and condom assistance.
- The number of recipient countries declined from 30 to 29 in FY 2001. Total contraceptive and condom shipments increased by 72%, growing to nearly \$34.6 million. This rise in shipments did not reflect a major scale-up in program support but was instead a result of the timing of shipments from year to year.
- Ethiopia was the largest recipient of contraceptive and condom assistance in sub-Saharan Africa for the fourth straight year. Condom shipments to the country doubled in FY 2001, primarily to meet the demands of a rapidly expanding social marketing program.
- Condoms make up more than half of USAID contraceptive and condom support to Africa. The value of total condom shipments to the region reached \$19.3 million in FY 2001, up from \$8.8 million in FY 2000.
- The value of injectable shipments rose to \$6.4 million in FY 2001, more than doubling FY 2000 shipments. The share of injectables as a percentage of all methods supplied to Africa grew from 13 to 19 percent between FY 2000 and FY 2001.

Figure 4

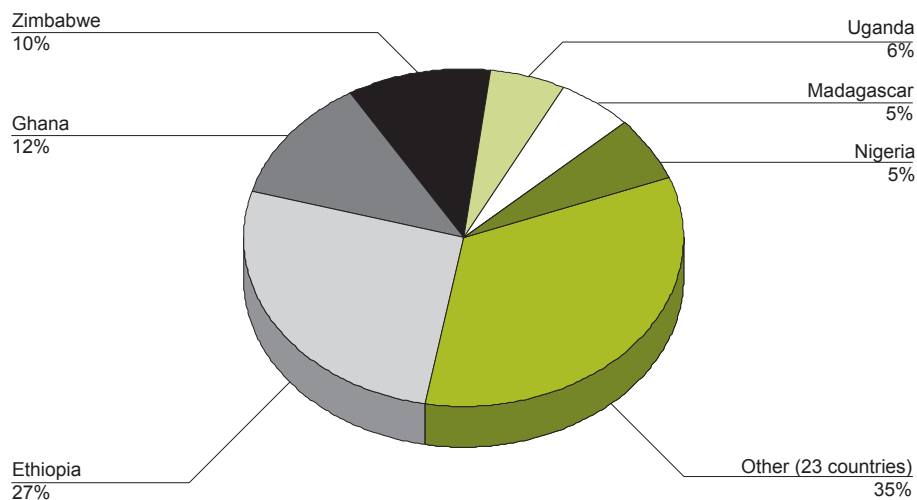
Trends in Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Africa FY 1991-2001 (US\$ millions)



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 5

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Africa Major Receiving Countries FY 2001

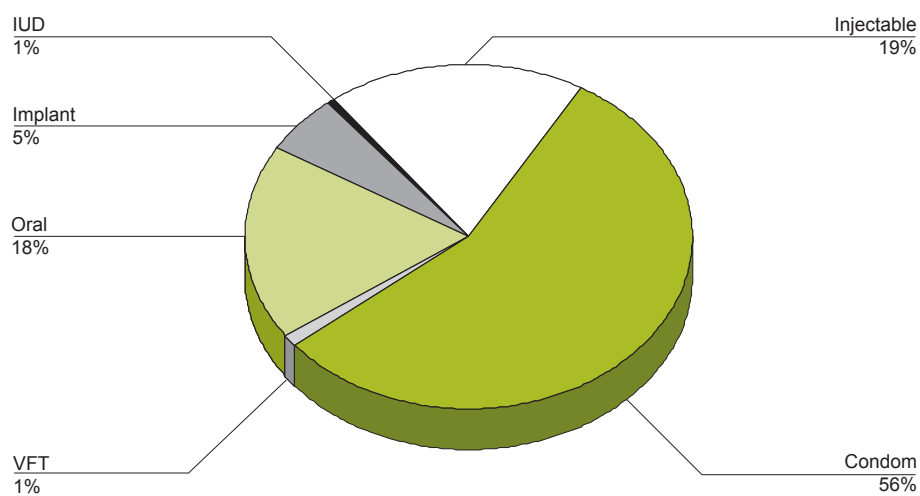


Total: \$34.6 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 6

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Africa By Method FY 2001



Total: \$34.6 million

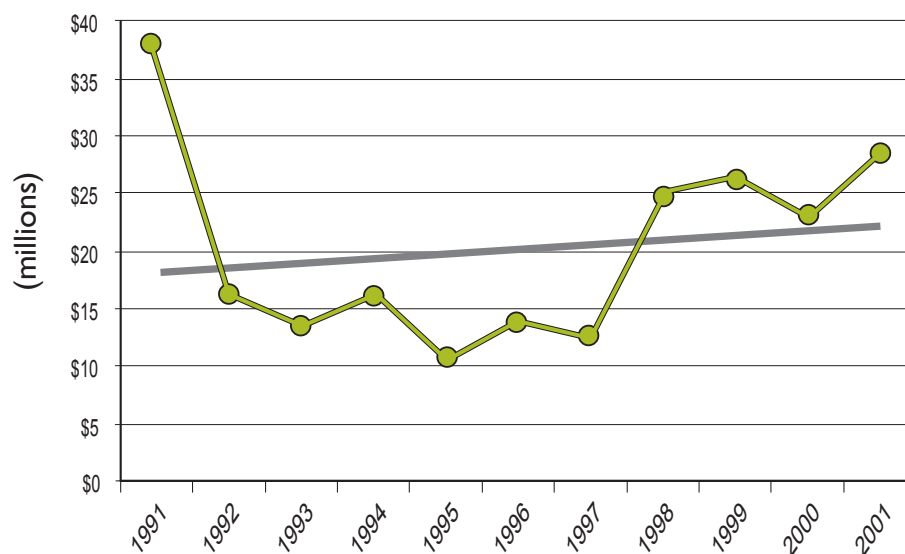
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Asia/Near East

- Although the value of USAID contraceptive and condom shipments to the Asia/Near East region increased by \$4 million in FY 2001, the number of recipient countries declined from 21 to 14.
- Bangladesh continued as the largest Asia/Near East recipient of contraceptives and condoms, receiving \$11 million in support, or 40% of regional shipments.

Figure 7

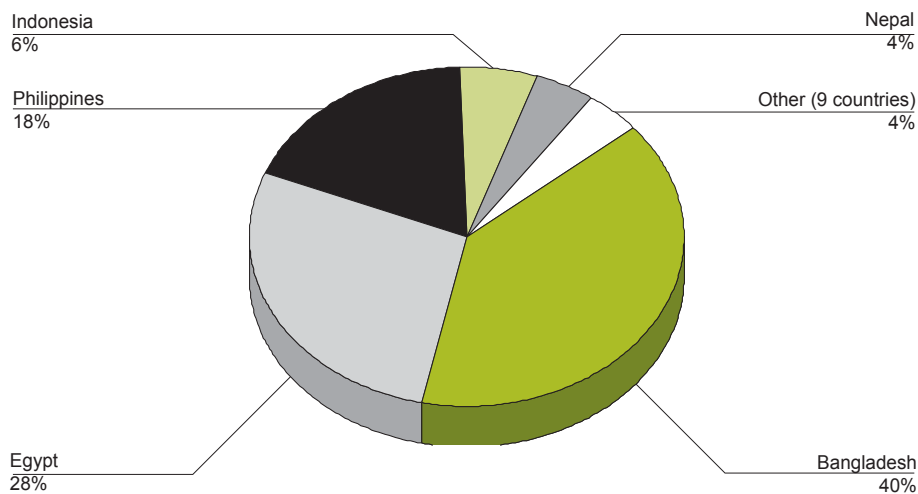
Trends in Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Asia/Near East FY 1991-2001 (US\$ millions)



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 8

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Asia/Near East Major Receiving Countries FY 2001

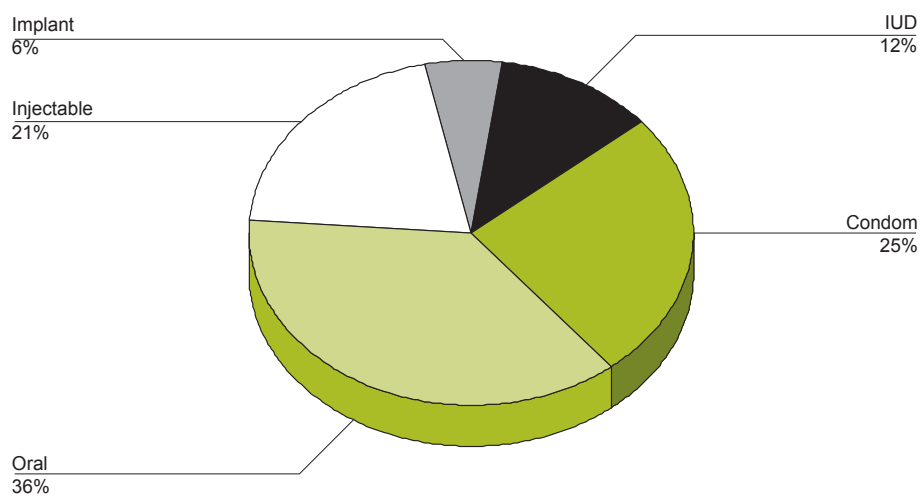


Total: \$27.9 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 9

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Asia/Near East By Method FY 2001



Total: \$27.9 million

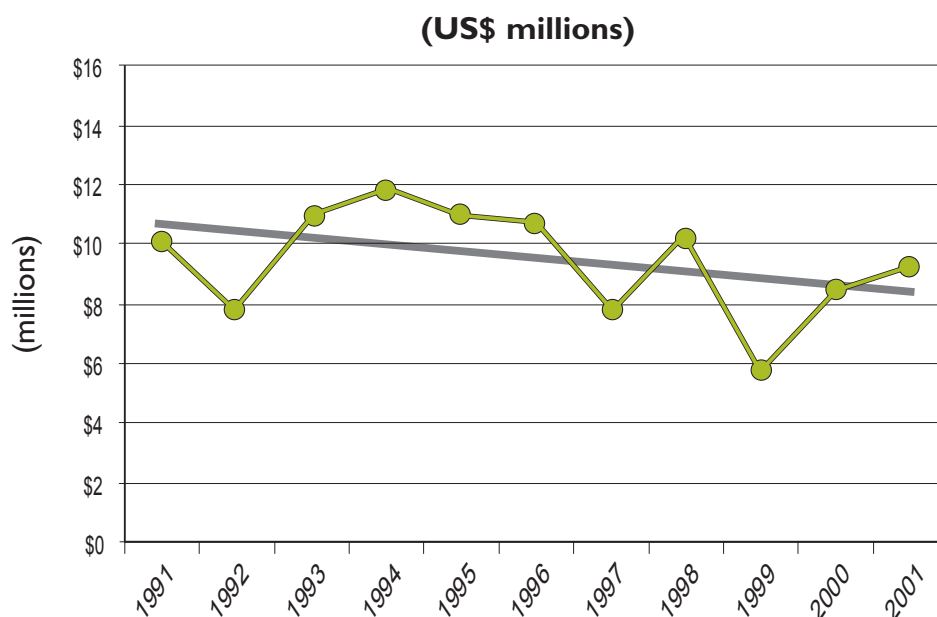
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Latin America/Caribbean

- The number of recipient countries in the Latin America/Caribbean region declined from 12 in FY 2000 to 10 in FY 2001. Brazil and Mexico dropped from the recipient list. Four out of the 10 countries (Guatemala, Peru, Honduras, and Nicaragua) received 66% of the total assistance.
- Guatemala replaced Peru as the largest recipient of contraceptive and condom aid in the region (the first time in six years Peru did not hold this position). The value of shipments to Guatemala doubled in FY 2001, largely due to a 129% increase in shipments of injectables.

Figure 10

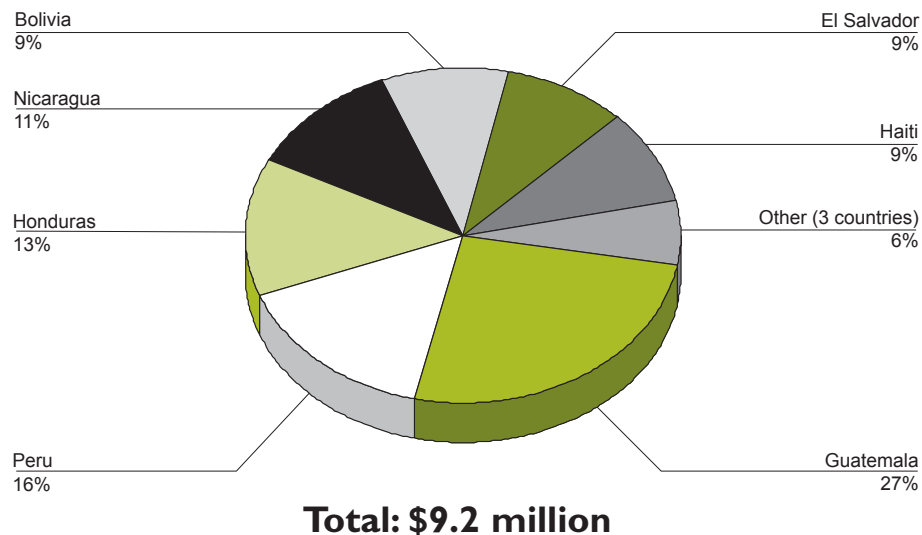
Trends in Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Latin America/Caribbean FY 1991-2001



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 11

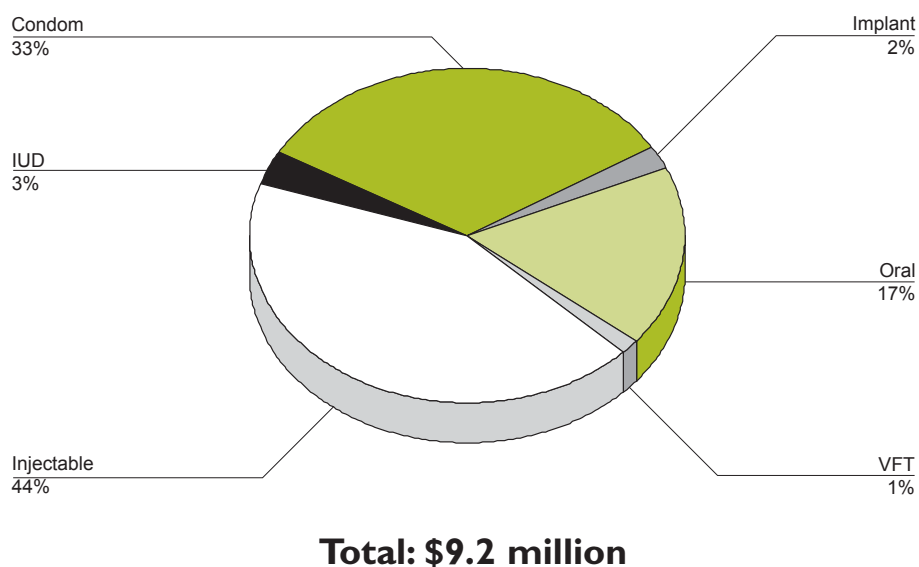
Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Latin America/Caribbean Major Receiving Countries FY 2001



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 12

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Latin America/Caribbean By Method FY 2001



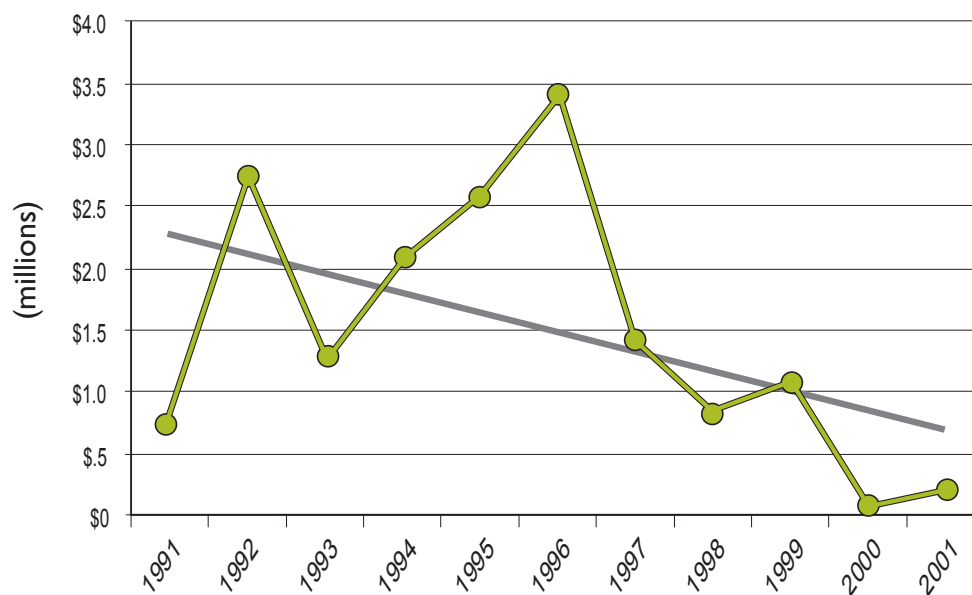
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Europe/Eurasia

- In FY 2001, contraceptive and condom shipments to Europe/Eurasia remained limited by the lack of a long-term commodity aid commitment to the region. These shipments made up less than 1% of total USAID contraceptive and condom assistance.
- Romania and Uzbekistan were the only two countries that received contraceptives and condoms from USAID in FY 2001.

Figure 13

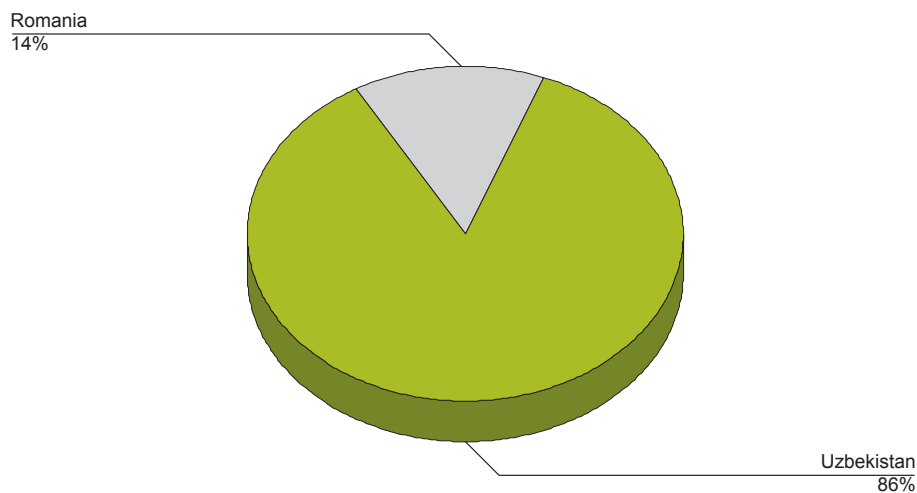
Trends in Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Europe/Eurasia FY 1991-2001 (US\$ millions)



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 14

**Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Europe/Eurasia
Receiving Countries
FY 2001**

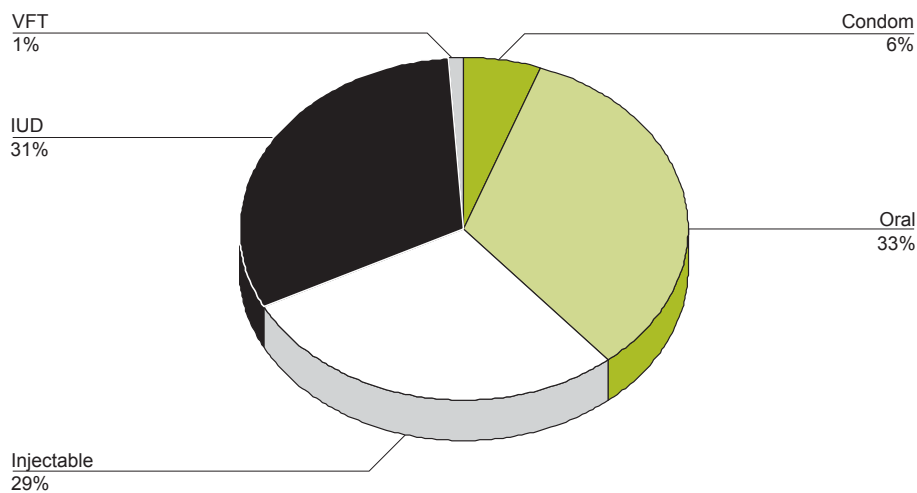


Total: \$132,000

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 15

**Contraceptive & Condom Shipments to Europe/Eurasia
By Method
FY 2001**



Total: \$132,000

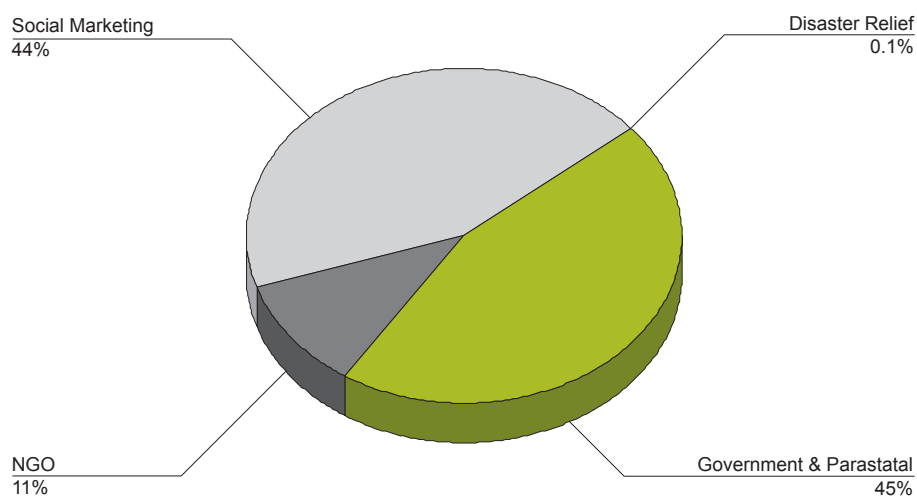
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Affiliation Report

Contraceptive and condom support by group affiliation varies by region. The public sector (ministries of health and other government agencies or parastatals) is the primary recipient in the Asia/Near East and Latin America/Caribbean regions, receiving more than half of all contraceptive and condom shipments. In Africa, only one-third of USAID-supported contraceptives and condoms are distributed through public sector channels. The majority (56% in FY 2001) of contraceptive and condom support in Africa is distributed through social marketing programs (figure 17). Social marketing also plays an important role in Asia/Near East, distributing 43% of contraceptives and condoms (figure 18). In Asia/Near East and Africa, NGOs receive a relatively small portion of USAID contraceptives and condoms. In Latin America (figure 19) and Europe/Eurasia (figure 20), NGOs play a more prominent role as significant recipients of USAID assistance.

Figure 16

Affiliation Report: Worldwide FY 2001

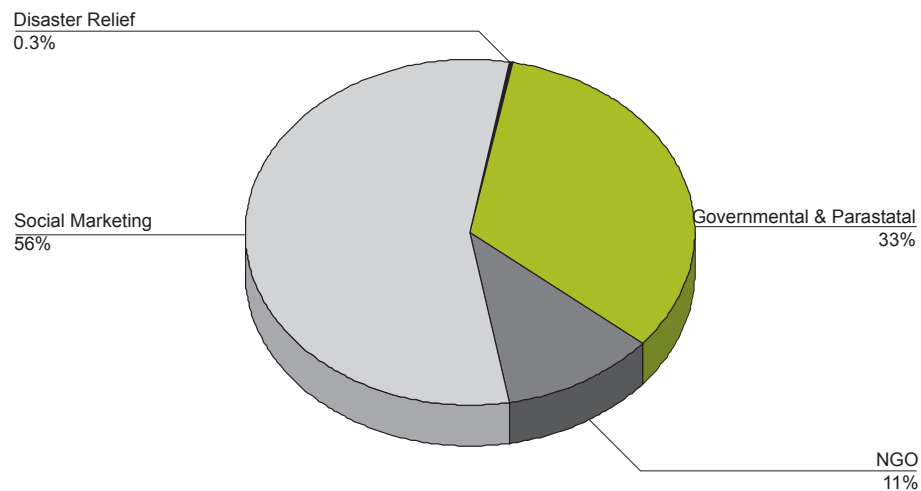


Total: \$71.8 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 17

Affiliation Report: Africa FY 2001

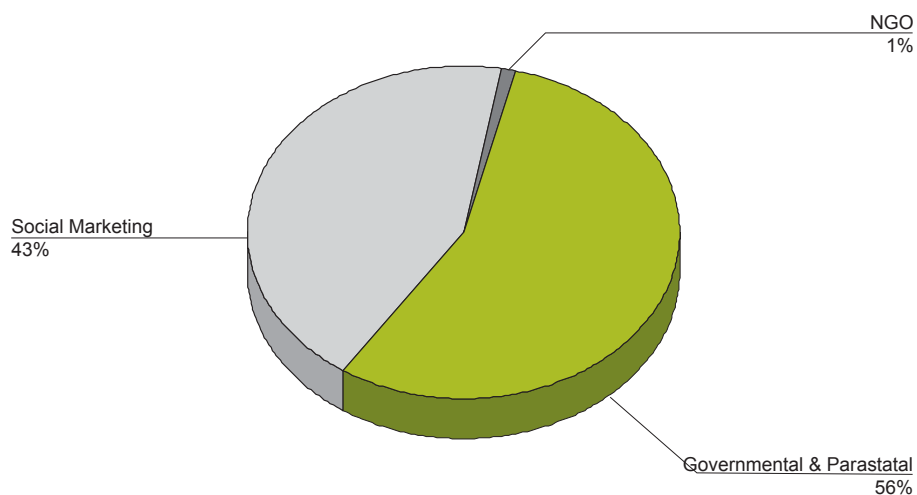


Total: \$34.6 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 18

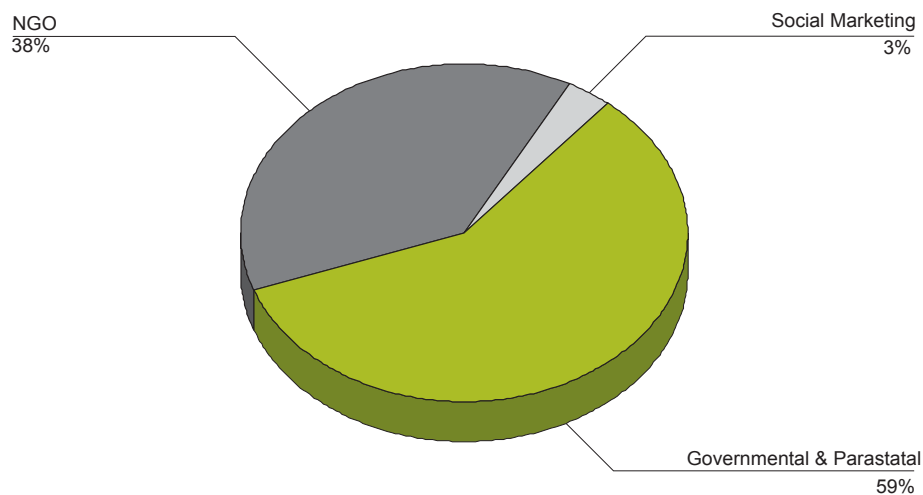
Affiliation Report: Asia/Near East FY 2001



Total: \$27.9 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Affiliation Report: Latin America/Caribbean FY 2001



Total: \$9.2 million

Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Affiliation Report: Europe/Eurasia FY 2001

100% of shipments to the Europe/Eurasia region were through NGOs.

Total: \$132,000

Trends in USAID Contraceptive & Condom Shipments

Condoms - It is apparent from figure 21 that USAID's shipments of condoms declined between the early 1990s, when they were briefly at a level of nearly 800 million pieces per year, and 1999, when they barely exceeded 200 million pieces. This decline was partly due to the entry and increased participation of a number of other donors into condom supply over this period. As these donors began to include or increase the condoms available through their programs, some USAID programs shifted their resources to other (non-commodity) support areas or to other commodities. Despite these shifts among donors, however, by the late 1990s it became clear that overall donor supply of condoms, particularly in sub-Saharan Africa, was not keeping pace with anticipated public health needs due to HIV/AIDS, general trends in population growth, and contraceptive prevalence increases. To correct this situation, USAID has been among the leaders of a worldwide effort in recent years to estimate and close the gap between supply and potential demand. Some initial calculations have indicated that condom supply to sub-Saharan Africa alone might be as much as 2 billion pieces per year below achievable programmatic levels. These efforts have resulted in increased attention to condom programming within USAID and among other donors and, in FY 2002, resulted in the creation of the USAID Commodity Promotion Fund. Through the Commodity Promotion Fund, \$25 million was set aside in FY 2002 to support the procurement, distribution, and programming of condoms and other commodities needed to combat HIV/AIDS in sub-Saharan Africa and other high-need areas. Preliminary indications at the time of this writing are that this effort will help continue the generally upward trend in condom shipments that appears to have started after 1999.

Oral Contraceptives (OCs) - While figure 22 shows a gradual decline in shipments over the 10-year period, it is probably equally valid to view the graph as two separate trends – one declining from 1991 to approximately 1997, followed by an increasing trend from 1997 to the present. This decline and reversal is probably more consistent with the programmatic changes that have occurred over the last decade. In the early 1990s, one event, the termination of a supply contract with Syntex for social marketing OCs, significantly impacted USAID's OC shipments. When this contract ended in 1991, an enormous multiyear effort was undertaken to register product from USAID's remaining supplier, Wyeth, for social marketing programs supported by USAID. Shipments peaked in 1993 as programs stocked up on Syntex product for the projected transition and declined over the next few years as registration of Wyeth's OCs progressed and programs made the switch. In addition, during this period, there were some production and scheduling shifts that also resulted in declines in shipments. By 1997, the transition activities were completed and demand has increased since that time and continues to increase.

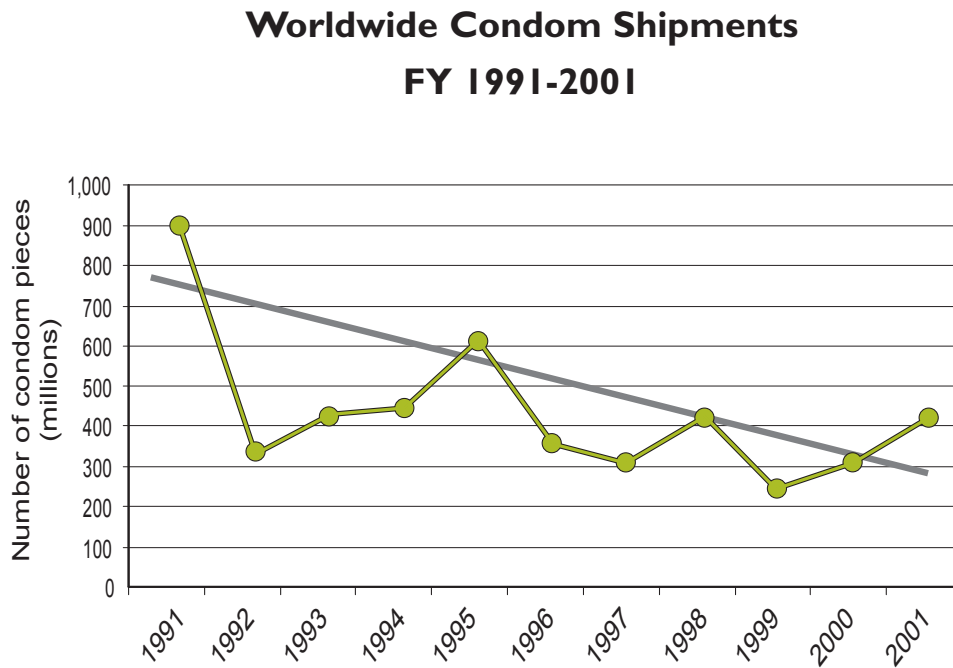
Injectables - The message of figure 23 is fairly clear-cut. Ever since the introduction of this method in USAID programs in 1994, the demand for and popularity of this method has steadily increased. At times the demand has outstripped USAID's or the manufacturer's ability to expand supplies. At present there is no end in sight to this increase.

Implants - Figure 24 shows a slow and steady increase in demand for this method over the last decade. The only significant exception to this has been a spike in shipments in 1999. This spike was specific to the Asian financial crisis and the consequent inability of Indonesia to obtain needed commodities as it had done for some time. In response to this crisis, USAID donated more than 200,000 NORPLANT sets to Indonesia, an amount greater than normal annual shipments for the remainder of the world's programs.

IUDs - This method has been declining steadily in USAID shipments over the last decade, as can be seen in figure 25. Contributing factors likely include a gradually widening price gap between U.S. and international suppliers, concerns about the desirability of this method in an environment of increasing HIV/AIDS prevalence, and users switching to or selecting injectable contraceptives rather than the IUD.

Vaginal Foaming Tablets - As shown in figure 26, demand for this method in USAID programs has been declining over the last decade. Over time, it has proven to be expensive, of low effectiveness, and unpopular in all but a handful of countries. USAID's production contract for VFTs has expired, and USAID will no longer be shipping this product after calendar year 2003.

Figure 21



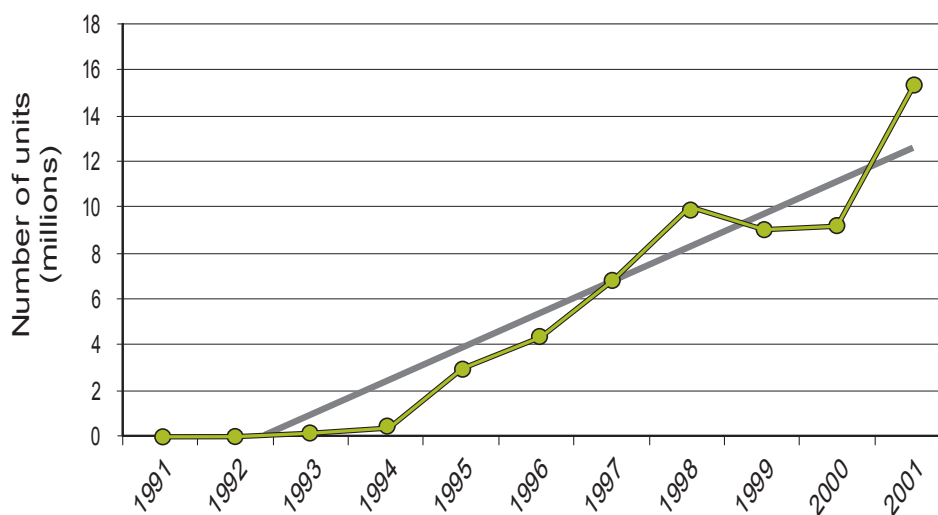
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 22



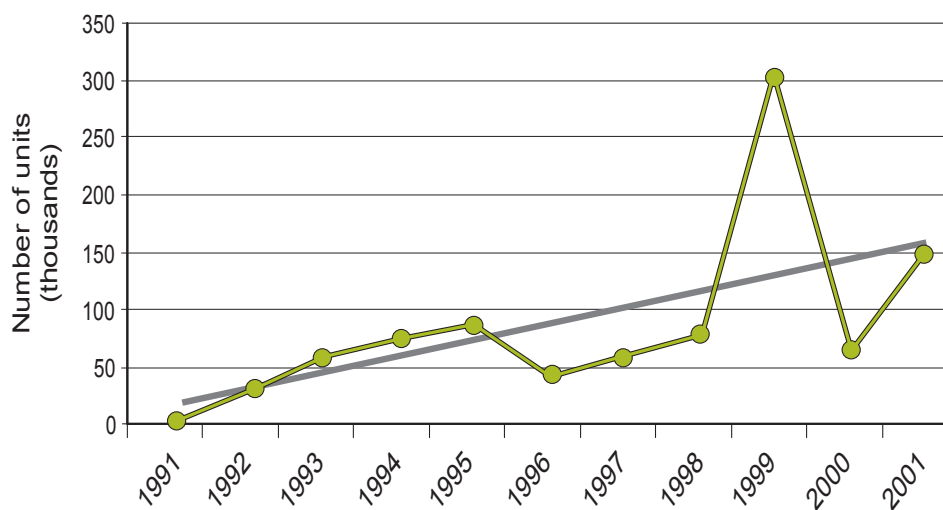
Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Shipments FY 1991-2001



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

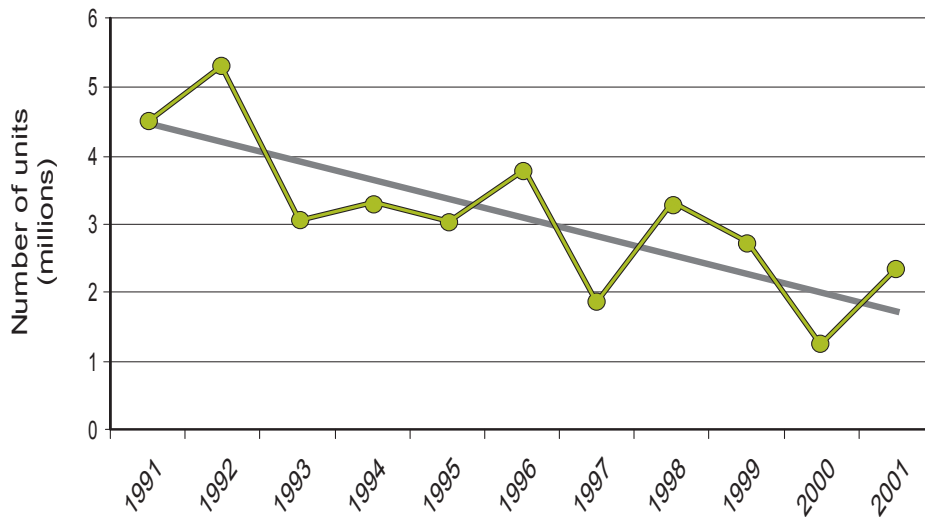
Worldwide Implant Contraceptive Shipments FY 1991-2001



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 25

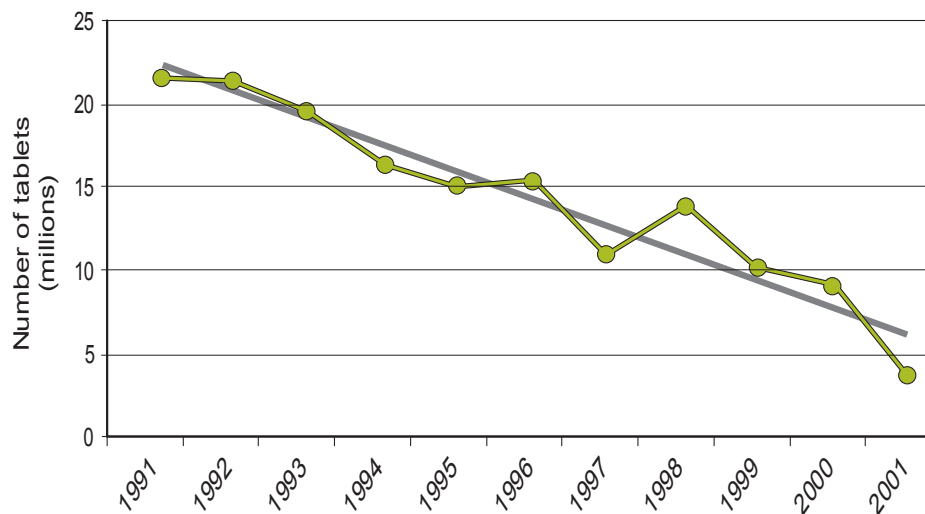
Worldwide IUD Shipments FY 1991-2001



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Figure 26

Worldwide VFT Shipments FY 1991-2001



Source: NEWVERN Data System, Office of Population, 3/02

Tables

**FY 2001 Worldwide Contraceptive & Condom Shipments
By Region and Method**

Region		Condom	IUD	Oral	VFT	Implant	Injectable	Female Condom	Total
Africa	Value	\$19,280,170	\$223,561	\$6,362,951	\$386,587	\$1,897,135	\$6,432,579	\$16,204	\$34,599,186
	Quantity	275,832,000	159,400	24,562,800	2,760,000	75,300	6,063,200	20,000	
Asia/Near East	Value	\$7,095,829	\$3,225,171	\$10,249,066	\$0	\$1,583,646	\$5,779,948	\$0	\$27,933,660
	Quantity	104,448,000	2,049,800	41,128,800	0	63,000	5,550,400	0	
Europe/Eurasia	Value	\$7,294	\$41,148	\$43,801	\$1,533	\$0	\$37,897	\$0	\$131,672
	Quantity	84,000	27,800	159,600	9,600	0	33,600	0	
Latin America/Caribbean	Value	\$3,013,284	\$306,451	\$1,590,969	\$124,325	\$205,704	\$3,929,685	\$0	\$9,170,418
	Quantity	42,414,000	93,400	6,100,800	921,600	8,100	3,669,600	0	
Total	Value	\$29,396,577	\$3,796,331	\$18,246,787	\$512,445	\$3,686,485	\$16,180,109	\$16,204	\$71,834,936
	Quantity	422,778,000	2,330,400	71,952,000	3,691,200	146,400	15,316,800	20,000	

Table 2

**Value of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Africa
By Country
FY 2001**

Country	Condom	IUD	Oral	VFT	Implant	Injectable	Female Condom	Total
Angola	\$63,565	\$0	\$9,408	\$0	\$0	\$8,233	\$0	\$81,206
Benin	\$602,795	\$344	\$63,246	\$0	\$0	\$25,164	\$0	\$691,549
Burkina Faso	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,150	\$0	\$0	\$3,150
Burundi	\$373	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$373
Cameroon	\$723,947	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$50,600	\$102,931	\$0	\$877,478
Cape Verde	\$0	\$529	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$529
Comoros	\$13,720	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,720
Congo	\$139,068	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$139,068
Congo, Dem. Republic of	\$1,087,655	\$0	\$6,745	\$0	\$0	\$2,782	\$0	\$1,097,182
Cote d'Ivoire	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,611	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,611
Eritrea	\$236,934	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$236,934
Ethiopia	\$7,918,557	\$0	\$326,518	\$0	\$18,084	\$964,542	\$0	\$9,227,701
Ghana	\$2,478,955	\$13,948	\$1,030,996	\$125,827	\$397,563	\$115,698	\$0	\$4,162,988
Guinea	\$28,913	\$0	\$141,856	\$9,141	\$0	\$209,301	\$0	\$389,211
Madagascar	\$636,037	\$8,531	\$431,485	\$21,984	\$0	\$800,971	\$0	\$1,899,008
Malawi	\$5,225	\$0	\$239,474	\$58,163	\$34,612	\$0	\$0	\$337,474
Mali	\$348,800	\$0	\$183,365	\$0	\$0	\$121,815	\$0	\$653,980
Mozambique	\$746,742	\$39,458	\$159,563	\$0	\$0	\$475,198	\$0	\$1,420,962
Nigeria	\$16,706	131,030	\$550,422	\$14,195	\$627,781	\$429,347	16,204	\$1,785,684
Rwanda	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,782	\$0	\$1,782
Senegal	\$888,723	\$0	\$128,385	\$94,608	\$305,726	\$113,209	\$0	\$1,530,651
Somalia	\$3,891	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,891
South Africa	\$1,005,076	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,005,076
Swaziland	\$14,146	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,146
Tanzania	\$0	\$14,308	\$378,278	\$0	\$102,189	\$986,338	\$0	\$1,481,113
Togo	\$608,770	\$3,924	\$29,459	\$52,057	\$75,721	\$114,511	\$0	\$884,443
Uganda	\$749,643	\$5,984	\$442,773	\$0	\$0	\$706,794	\$0	\$1,905,193
Zambia	\$961,932	\$0	\$158,088	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,120,020
Zimbabwe	\$0	\$5,504	\$2,082,889	\$0	\$281,710	\$1,253,961	\$0	\$3,624,063
Total	\$19,280,170	\$223,561	\$6,362,951	\$386,587	\$1,897,135	\$6,432,579	\$16,204	\$34,599,186

Table 3

**Quantity of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Africa
By Country
FY 2001**

Country	Condom Pieces	IUD Units	Oral Cycles	VFT Tablets	Implant Units	Injectable Units	Female Condom Pieces
Angola	600,000	0	28,800	0	0	6,400	0
Benin	8,646,000	200	192,000	0	0	20,800	0
Burkina Faso	0	0	0	0	100	0	0
Burundi	6,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cameroon	10,044,000	0	0	0	2,000	98,000	0
Cape Verde	0	200	0	0	0	0	0
Comoros	102,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Congo	2,004,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Congo, Dem. Republic of	15,882,000	0	24,000	0	0	2,400	0
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	0	72,000	0	0	0
Eritrea	3,480,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ethiopia	114,462,000	0	1,234,800	0	700	922,000	0
Ghana	34,914,000	10,800	3,868,800	950,400	15,750	106,800	0
Guinea	402,000	0	559,200	67,200	0	194,400	0
Madagascar	8,874,000	6,400	1,716,000	144,000	0	740,000	0
Malawi	60,000	0	849,000	384,000	1,350	0	0
Mali	3,582,000	0	546,000	0	0	105,200	0
Mozambique	10,620,000	21,600	656,400	0	0	456,000	0
Nigeria	234,000	100,000	2,040,000	100,800	25,000	412,000	20,000
Rwanda	0	0	0	0	0	1,600	0
Senegal	12,396,000	0	504,000	696,000	12,200	107,600	0
Somalia	48,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Africa	17,850,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swaziland	120,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tanzania	0	10,000	1,586,400	0	4,000	960,000	0
Togo	8,436,000	2,000	84,000	345,600	3,000	100,000	0
Uganda	10,710,000	4,000	1,587,600	0	0	630,000	0
Zambia	12,360,000	0	520,800	0	0	0	0
Zimbabwe	0	4,200	8,564,400	0	11,200	1,200,000	0
Total	275,832,000	159,400	24,562,800	2,760,000	75,300	6,063,200	20,000

**Value of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Asia/Near East
By Country
FY 2001**

Country	Condom	IUD	Oral	VFT	Implant	Injectable	Female Condom	Total
Bangladesh	\$4,954,169	\$0	\$5,519,850	\$0	\$0	\$570,596	\$0	\$11,044,615
Egypt	\$571,975	3,026,743	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,128,505	\$0	\$7,727,223
Fiji	\$3,273	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,273
Indonesia	\$468	\$557	\$0	\$0	\$1,570,601	\$3,470	\$0	\$1,575,097
Jordan	\$126,911	\$22,234	\$82,178	\$0	\$0	\$12,450	\$0	\$243,773
Kiribati	\$877	\$0	\$1,043	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,920
Lebanon	\$11,248	\$3,824	\$2,436	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,507
Mongolia	\$0	\$1,300	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,300
Morocco	\$111,642	\$60,186	\$453,998	\$0	\$0	\$258,806	\$0	\$884,631
Nepal	\$790,594	\$0	\$101,913	\$0	\$13,045	\$343,901	\$0	\$1,249,453
Philippines	\$516,125	\$99,561	\$4,075,905	\$0	\$0	\$459,436	\$0	\$5,151,028
Tonga	\$0	\$0	\$11,744	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,744
Tuvalu	\$885	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$657	\$0	\$1,542
West Bank/Gaza	\$7,662	\$10,766	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,126	\$0	\$20,554
Total	\$7,095,829	\$3,225,171	\$10,249,066	\$0	\$1,583,646	\$5,779,948	\$0	\$27,933,660

**Quantity of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Asia/Near East
By Country
FY 2001**

Country	Condom Pieces	IUD Units	Oral Cycles	VFT Tablets	Implant Units	Injectable Units	Female Condom Pieces
Bangladesh	73,368,000	0	21,378,000	0	0	550,000	0
Egypt	8,310,000	1,907,400	0	0	0	3,979,600	0
Fiji	30,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indonesia	6,000	400	0	0	62,500	3,200	0
Jordan	1,548,000	16,000	300,000	0	0	11,600	0
Kiribati	6,000	0	2,400	0	0	0	0
Lebanon	102,000	2,000	7,200	0	0	0	0
Mongolia	0	600	0	0	0	0	0
Morocco	1,776,000	47,600	1,946,400	0	0	233,600	0
Nepal	11,880,000	0	357,600	0	500	326,000	0
Philippines	7,314,000	67,800	17,097,600	0	0	444,000	0
Tonga	0	0	39,600	0	0	0	0
Tuvalu	6,000	0	0	0	0	400	0
West Bank/Gaza	102,000	8,000	0	0	0	2,000	0
Total	104,448,000	2,049,800	41,128,800	0	63,000	5,550,400	0

**Value of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Latin America/Caribbean by Country
FY 2001**

Table 6

Country	Condom	IUD	Oral	VFT	Implant	Injectable	Female Condom	Total
Bolivia	\$394,006	\$21,192	\$265,166	\$6,455	\$0	\$183,586	\$0	\$870,405
Dominican Republic	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,400	\$0	\$9,400
Ecuador	\$183,362	197,436	\$49,098	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$429,896
El Salvador	\$393,574	\$0	\$234,993	\$0	\$5,993	\$209,361	\$0	\$843,920
Guatemala	\$694,568	\$26,429	\$286,678	\$10,270	\$111,326	\$1,227,556	\$0	\$2,356,826
Haiti	\$0	\$0	\$175,919	\$34,460	\$88,385	\$539,080	\$0	\$837,844
Honduras	\$315,326	\$54,101	\$179,561	\$0	\$0	\$671,623	\$0	\$1,220,611
Nicaragua	\$355,085	\$0	\$30,690	\$0	\$0	\$656,256	\$0	\$1,042,031
Paraguay	\$4,482	\$7,293	\$103,714	\$0	\$0	\$7,924	\$0	\$123,413
Peru	\$672,881	\$0	\$265,151	\$73,140	\$0	\$424,901	\$0	\$1,436,072
Total	\$3,013,284	\$306,451	\$1,590,969	\$124,325	\$205,704	\$3,929,685	\$0	\$9,170,418

**Quantity of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Latin America/Caribbean by Country
FY 2001**

Table 7

Country	Condom Pieces	IUD Units	Oral Cycles	VFT Tablets	Implant Units	Injectable Units	Female Condom Pieces
Bolivia	4,200,000	14,000	759,600	38,400	0	146,000	0
Dominican Republic	0	0	0	0	0	8,800	0
Ecuador	2,610,000	116,200	186,000	0	0	0	0
El Salvador	5,616,000	0	916,800	0	200	195,200	0
Guatemala	9,732,000	18,200	1,143,600	76,800	4,400	1,146,000	0
Haiti	0	0	693,600	249,600	3,500	507,600	0
Honduras	4,002,000	40,000	724,800	0	0	630,400	0
Nicaragua	5,124,000	0	124,800	0	0	610,800	0
Paraguay	60,000	5,000	391,200	0	0	7,200	0
Peru	11,070,000	0	1,160,400	556,800	0	417,600	0
Total	42,414,000	93,400	6,100,800	921,600	8,100	3,669,600	0

Table 8

**Value of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Europe/Eurasia
By Country
FY 2001**

Country	Condom	IUD	Oral	VFT	Implant	Injectable	Female Condom	Total
Romania	\$3,342	\$4,894	\$2,099	\$1,533	\$0	\$6,672	\$0	\$18,539
Uzbekistan	\$3,951	\$36,254	\$41,702	\$0	\$0	\$31,225	\$0	\$113,133
Total	\$7,294	\$41,148	\$43,801	\$1,533	\$0	\$37,897	\$0	\$131,672

Table 9

**Quantity of Contraceptives & Condoms Shipped to Europe/Eurasia
By Country
FY 2001**

Country	Condom Pieces	IUD Units	Oral Cycles	VFT Tablets	Implant Units	Injectable Units	Female Condom Pieces
Romania	36,000	3,000	7,200	9,600	0	5,600	0
Uzbekistan	48,000	24,800	152,400	0	0	28,000	0
Total	84,000	27,800	159,600	9,600	0	33,600	0



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